- 1. Calculate the pH and pOH for each of the following:
 - a) 1.00 mol/L NaOH(aq)
 - b) 1.00 mol/L Ca(OH)₂(aq)
 - c) 0.650 mol/L Al(OH)₃(aq)
 - d) A solution made by dissolving 5.82 g of barium hydroxide in 2.00 L of water.
- 2. Calculate the K_b for each of the following bases at 25°C:
 a) NO₂⁻(aq)
 - b) F⁻(aq)
 - c) HSO₃⁻(aq)
 - d) HCO₃⁻(aq)
 - e) OOCCOO^{2–}(aq)
- 3. Calculate the pH of a 13.5 mol/L solution of $H_2PO_4^-(aq)$ using the following reaction: $H_2PO_4^-(aq) + H_2O(l) \Rightarrow H_3PO_4(aq) + OH^-(aq)$

Strengths of Acids and Bases – pH Calculations

Calculate the pH for each of the following solutions. Show all work.

- 1. $0.32 \text{ mol/L Mg(OH)}_2(aq)$
- 2. 6.00 mol/L NH₃(aq)
- 3. 2.0×10^{-4} mol/L KHSO₄(aq) **red with both litmus
- 4. $3.0 \text{ mol/L H}_2S(aq)$

5. 0.750 mol/L KF(aq)

6. 0.0505 mol/L HI(aq)

7. $16 \text{ mol/L CH}_3\text{COOH}(aq)$

8. 2.00 mol/L NaCN(aq)